Eligibility for Federal Student Aid

Most students are eligible to receive financial aid from the federal government to help pay for college or career school. Your age, race, or field of study won't affect your eligibility for federal student aid. While your income is taken into consideration, it doesn't automatically prevent you from getting federal student aid.

To receive federal student aid, you'll need to...



1. Qualify

to obtain a college or career school education, either by having a high school diploma or equivalent, or by completing a high school education in a homeschool setting approved under state law.

2. Be enrolled

or accepted for enrollment as a regular student in an eligible degree or certificate program.





3. Have a valid Social Security number

unless you are from the Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, or the Republic of Palau.

In addition, you must...



You're a U.S. citizen if you were born in the United States or certain U.S.

Be a U.S. CITIZEN or U.S. NATIONAL

territories, if you were born abroad to parents who are U.S. citizens, or if you have obtained citizenship status through naturalization. If you were born in American Samoa or Swains Island, then you're a U.S. national.





Have a GREEN CARD You're eligible if you have a Form I-551, I-151, or I-551C, also known as a

green card, showing you're a U.S. permanent resident.





Services must show one of the following:

Have an ARRIVAL-DEPARTURE RECORD Your Arrival-Departure Record (I-94) from U.S. Citizenship and Immigration

 Asylum Granted Cuban-Haitian Entrant (Status Pending)

Refugee

- Conditional Entrant (valid only if issued before April 1, 1980) Parolee



OR



You're designated as a "battered immigrant-qualified alien" if you are a victim of abuse by your citizen or permanent resident spouse, or you're the child of a

Have BATTERED IMMIGRANT STATUS

person designated as such under the Violence Against Women Act.





Have a T-VISA

You're eligible if you have a T-visa or a parent with a T-1 visa.



FAFSA Certifying Statement

(FAFSA®) form stating that

4. Sign

 you're not in default on a federal student loan and do not owe a refund on a federal grant and you will use federal student aid only

for educational purposes.

certifying statements on the Free Application for Federal Student Aid

5. Maintain

satisfactory academic progress

in college or career school.





Start filling out the FAFSA® form at fafsa.gov.